

## SELECTION DATA

**GENERIC TYPE :** Polyamine adduct cured coal tar epoxy, Part A and Part B mixed prior to application.

**GENERAL PROPERTIES :** A heavy-duty, high-build epoxy coal tar coating for the protection of steel and concrete in immersion service. Can be applied at thicknesses up to 16 mils (400 $\mu$ ) per coat. Cures to a hard wearing coating, highly resistant to sea water, crude oil, fuel oil, etc. Aliphatic solvents may discolour. Can be applied at low temperatures down to 23°F (-5°C).

**RECOMMENDED USES :** Lining for tanks, piping, trenches, sumps and as heavy duty maintenance coating for steel and concrete-splash, spillage and fumes. Widely used for protection of offshore structures, marine installations, ship's bottoms and pilings. Also as lining for barges and tankers carrying sour crude, petroleum products and salt water ballast. Recommended for concrete and steel surfaces in sewage treatment plants, paper mills, chemical plants, etc. Excellent protection for underground surface.

**NOT RECOMMENDED FOR :** Immersion in aromatic or ketone solvents ; strong oxidizing acids.

### CHEMICAL RESISTANCE GUIDE :

<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Immersion</u>	<u>Splash &amp; Spillage</u>	<u>Fumes</u>
Acids	Very Good	Excellent	Excellent
Alkalies	Very Good	Excellent	Excellent
Solvents	Fair	Good	Very Good
Salt	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Water	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent

### TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE : (Non-immersion)

Continuous : 200°F ( 93°C)  
 Non-continuous : 250°F (121°C)

For immersion, temperature depends on exposure, but maximum is 130°F (54°C)

**FLEXIBILITY :** Fair

**WEATHERING :** Good (chalks)

**ABRASION RESISTANCE :** Very Good

**SUBSTRATES :** Apply to properly prepared steel or others as recommended.

**TOPCOAT REQUIRED :** Not required. May be topcoated with Carboline Anti-fouling paints as directed. Coal tar bleed-through is likely with most topcoats.

**COMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER COATINGS :** Coating is self-priming. Can also be applied over catalyzed epoxies or other as recommended. Acceptable primer for steel is Carboguard 893 Primer. When an inorganic zinc primer is used, a tie-coat of Carboguard 893 is recommended. For concrete, epoxy surfacer may be necessary.

## SPECIFICATION DATA

### THEORETICAL SOLIDS CONTENT OF MIXED MATERIAL :

	<u>By Volume</u>
Bitumastic 300 S	71% $\pm$ 2%

### RECOMMENDED DRY FILM THICKNESS PER COAT :

10 mils (250 $\mu$ )

### THEORETICAL COVERAGE PER MIXED GALLON :

1139 mil sq. ft. (28.4 m<sup>2</sup> / l at 25 $\mu$ )  
 114 sq. ft. at 10 mils (2.8 m<sup>2</sup> / l at 250 $\mu$ )

**\*NOTE :** Material losses during mixing and application will vary and must be taken into consideration when estimating job requirements.

**SHELF LIFE :** 12 months minimum when stored at 75°F (24°C).

**COLORS :** Black and dark red only.

**GLOSS :** Flat.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Prices may be obtained from Carboline Sales Representative or Main Office.

### APPROXIMATE SHIPPING WEIGHT :

	<u>1's</u>	<u>5's</u>
Bitumastic 300S	25 lbs.(11.3 kg)	62 lbs.(28 kg)
Carboline Thinner #15	7.5 lbs. in 1's (3.4 kg)	45 lbs. in 5's (17 kg)
Surface Preparation #1	9 lbs. in 1's (4.1kg)	45 lbs. in 5's (20.4kg)

### FLASH POINT : (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup)

Bitumastic 300S Part A	78°F (25°C)
Bitumastic 300S Part B	84°F (29°C)
Carboline Thinner #15	77°F (25°C)
Surface Preparation #1	60°F (16°C)

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

**SURFACE PREPARATIONS :** Remove any oil or grease from surface to be coated with clean rags soaked in Carboline Thinner #2 in accordance with SSPC-SP 1.

**STEEL :** For immersion service, dry abrasive blast to a Near White Metal Finish in accordance with SSPC-SP 10-82 to a degree of cleanliness in accordance with NACE #2 to obtain a 2-3 mil (50-75µ) blast profile. For non-immersion, dry abrasive blast to a Commercial finish in accordance with SSPC-SP 6-82 to a degree of cleanliness in accordance with NACE #3 to obtain a 2-3 mil (50-75µ) blast profile. Acceptable for non-immersion SSPC-SP 3-82. Power Tool cleaning.

**MIXING :** power mix separately, then combine and mix in the following proportions :

	<u>2 Gal. Kit</u>	<u>5 Gal. Kit</u>
Bitumastic 300S Part A	1.71 Gal.	4.29 Gal.
Bitumastic 300S Part B	0.29 Gal.	0.71 Gal.

Thin up to 15% by volume with Carboline Thinner #15

**NOTE :** Use of thinners other than those supplied or approved by Carboline may adversely affect product performance and void product warranty, whether expressed or implied.

**POT LIFE :** 5 hours at 75°F(24°C) and less at higher temperatures. Pot life ends when the coating becomes too viscous to use.

**APPLICATION TEMPERATURES :**

	<u>Material</u>	<u>Surfaces</u>
Normal	45-75°F(7-24°C)	32-75°F(0-24°C)
Minimum	50°F(10°C)	23°F(-5°C)
Maximum	90°F(32°C)	120°F(49°C)
	<u>Ambient</u>	<u>Humidity</u>
Normal	32-75°F(0-24°C)	50%
Minimum	23°F(-5°C)	0%
Maximum	120°F(49°C)	85%

Do not apply when the surface temperatures is less than 5°F(3°C) above the dew point. Excessive humidity or condensation on surface during curing may result in a surface haze, or blush, which must be washed off with water before recoating. Special thinning and application techniques may be required above or below normal condition.

**SPRAY :** Use sufficient volume for correct operation of equipment. Use a 50% overlap with pass of the gun. On irregular surfaces, coat the edges first, making an extra pass later.

**NOTE :** The following equipment has been found suitable, however, equivalent equipment may be substituted.

**CONVENTIONAL :** Use 1/2" minimum I.D. material hose. Hold gun approximately 12-14 inches from the surface and at a right angle to the surface.

<u>Mfr. &amp; Gun</u>	<u>Fluid Tip</u>	<u>Air Cap</u>
Binks #18 or #62	67	67PB
DeVilbiss P-MBC or JGA	D	64
	approx. .086" I.D.	

**AIRLESS :** Use 1/2" minimum I.D. material hose. Hold gun approximately 18-20 inches from the surface and at a right angle to the surface.

<u>Mfr. &amp; Gun</u>	<u>Pump*</u>
Graco 207-300	Bulldog 30 : 1 or King 45 : 1
Binks Model 720	Jupiter B8-36 37 : 1
Either of the above (DeVilbiss)	Huskie QFA-519

\*Revers-A-Clean tip is recommended. Use a 0.021"-0.029" tip with 2400 psi.

**BRUSH OR ROLLER :** Use medium bristle brush or medium nap phenolic core roller.

**DRYING TIMES :** (at recommended thickness)

Between coats : (Note 1. & 2)

<u>Temperature</u>	<u>Min.</u>	<u>Max.</u> (With 300 S)	<u>Max.</u> (With others)
23°F(-5°C)	96 hrs	30 days	20 days
41°F( 5°C)	24 hrs	25 days	15 days
50°F(10°C)	18 hrs	25 days	10 days
60°F(16°C)	12 hrs	20 days	7 days
75°F(24°C)	6 hrs	12 days	3 days
90°F(32°C)	5 hrs	8 days	1.5 days

<u>Temperature</u>	<u>Final cure for chemical</u>	<u>Final cure for sea water</u> (When initial cure)
41°F( 5°C)		96 hrs
50°F(10°C)	15 days	48 hrs
60°F(16°C)	10 days	36 hrs
75°F(24°C)	5 days	24 hrs
90°F(32°C)	3 days	20 hrs

\* See Note 3 for immersion service.

**NOTE 1 :** If the maximum recoat interval exceeded and recoat is necessary, wipe with Surface Preparation #1 or roughening of the surface is necessary to ensure intercoat adhesion before recoating.

**NOTE 2 :** If exposed to sunlight for more than 36 hours, wipe with Surface Preparation #1 before topcoating.

**NOTE 3 :** Force curing is suggested for all tank linings. Thorough air circulation must be used during and after application until the coating is cured. The ventilation system should be capable of preventing the solvent vapor concentration from reaching the lower explosion limit for the solvents used. In addition to proper ventilation, fresh air respirators or fresh air hoods must be used by all application personnel. Where flammable solvents exist, explosion proof lighting equipment must be used. Hypersensitive persons should wear clean protective clothing, gloves and/or protective cream on face, hands and all exposed areas. Exposure to seawater is permitted after the initial curing time.

**CLEAN UP :** Use Carboline Thinner #15

**STORAGE CONDITIONS :**  
 Temperature : 35-100°F(2-43 °C)  
 Humidity : 95%

CAUTION: CONTAINS FLAMMABLE SOLVENTS. KEEP AWAY FROM SPARKS AND OPEN FLAMES. IN CONFINED AREAS WORKMEN MUST WEAR FRESH AIRLINE RESPIRATORS. HYPERSENSITIVE PERSONS SHOULD WEAR GLOVES OR USE PROTECTIVE CREAM. ALL ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT AND INSTALLATIONS SHOULD BE MADE AND GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE. IN AREAS WHERE EXPLOSION HAZARDS EXIST. WORKMEN SHOULD BE REQUIRED TO USE NONFERROUS TOOLS AND TO WEAR CONDUCTIVE AND NONSPARKING SHOES.

